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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/870,009	05/30/2001	Hisashi Kashima	JP920000069US1	8419
21254	7590 12/03/2004		EXAMINER	
MCGINN & GIBB, PLLC			SMITH, CAROLYN L	
8321 OLD COURTHOUSE ROAD SUITE 200 VIENNA, VA 22182-3817		,	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1631		

DATE MAILED: 12/03/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary	09/870,009	KASHIMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
T. HALLING DATE of this account of the	Carolyn L Smith	1631			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was railure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 Se	eptember 2004 and 06 October 2	004.			
,	•				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 5,8-12,15,17-27 and 30 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 5,8-12,15,17-27 and 30 is/are rejected 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	<b>r.</b>				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> </ul>	ate atent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

## **DETAILED ACTION**

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicants' submission, filed 9/1/04, has been entered.

Amended claims 5, 8, 11, 12, 15, and 30, filed 9/1/04, are acknowledged. Claims herein under examination are 5, 8-12, 15, 17-27, and 30.

## Claims Rejected Under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 5 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which the applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 5 recites the phrases "a portion, other than said gene portion, including no genetic information" which is vague and indefinite. It is unclear how a portion of DNA can be considered not to have genetic information when it is well known in the art that DNA is made up of nucleotides that are considered to be genetic information. Clarification of this issue, via

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clearer claim wording, is requested. Claim 30 is also rejected due to its direct dependency from claim 5.

Applicants state Examiner must use the definition of the term "genetic information" which is provided in the Application. Applicants state their definition of this phrase is on page 13, lines 3-6. This so-called definition is found unpersuasive as it does not clearly set forth the definition explicitly and with reasonable clarity, deliberateness and precision (MPEP 2111.01). When there is no explicit definition in the specification, the Examiner is instructed to look to the claims themselves and the context of the surrounding words, dictionaries, encyclopedias, treatises, and the prior art. The online Merriam-Webster dictionary defines "genetic" as "of or relating to genetics". The dictionary defines "genetics" as the genetic makeup and phenomena of an organism. The dictionary defines "information" as "knowledge obtained from investigation, study, or instruction". This phrase "genetic information" therefore can be reasonably and broadly interpreted to include all DNA by the mere presence of nucleotides which are encompassed by the phrase.

## Claim Rejections – 35 USC §102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

<sup>(</sup>b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 5, 8-12, 15, 17-27, and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dollinger (P/N 5,451,505).

Dollinger discloses nucleic acids which are used as taggants that allows for subsequent identification of a substance, product identity (col. 1, lines 11-16 and 25-27) which represent watermark sequences, as stated in instant claim 30. Dollinger discloses a taggant as a nucleic acid that comprises a specific nucleotide sequence or composition (col. 2, lines 59-62). The term "genetic information" used in the claims lacks clarity, but the nucleotide sequence can be considered to be genetic information in the sense that it contains nucleotides. Dollinger discloses any substance may be used for tagging by treating the substance with a nucleic acid taggant (col. 1, lines 50-54). Dollinger discloses amplification of a nucleic acid sequence of a taggant, if present, to determine if the specific nucleic acid sequence is present (col. 1, lines 60-65) which represents a nucleic acid sequence including a taggant. Dollinger discloses nucleic acids that are covalently bound to the tagged material (including the taggant) (col. 2, lines 15-18) which is reasonably interpreted to be a gene portion and other portion (taggant), as stated in instant claim 5. Dollinger discloses tagging any substance with a nucleic acid taggant so that the nucleic acid attaches to the material (col. 1, lines 50-54). Dollinger discloses the nucleic acid taggant comprises a specific nucleotide sequence or a composition of specific nucleotides to facilitate tracing or determining the origin or source of a material (col. 1, lines 54-60 and col. 3, lines 7-8) which represents identifying a source and source identification information, as stated in instant claim 5. Dollinger discloses the nucleic acids can be either naturally occurring or synthetically derived (col. 2, lines 6-7) which represents a nucleotide sequence not naturally occurring in DNA (as stated in instant claims 5, 8, 11, 12, and 15), as well as not being naturally generated through

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gene mutation (as stated in instant claim 23) and intentionally designed (as stated in instant claim 8). Dollinger discloses the taggants are typically non-biologically functioning and are not part of a functional nucleic acid sequence operating in a living cell (col. 2, lines 62-65) which is reasonably interpreted to mean the taggant sequence does not affect transmission of biologically functional genetic information (portion including no genetic information) (as stated in instant claims 5, 8, 12, and 15). Dollinger discloses living organisms contain unique nucleic acid sequences either natural or artificially introduced (col. 2, lines 65-67), as stated in instant claim 12. Dollinger discloses using combinations of sequences and varying levels of specific sequences to identify the product, product's origin, the lot or batch, or an identifier for a unit of commerce (col. 3, lines 22-28) as well as using a sequence with multiple regions of specificity (col. 5, lines 9-11) which is reasonably interpreted to encompass multiple patterns at predetermined locations, as stated in instant claims 9, 10, 18, 19, and 20. The instant specification, page 1, second paragraph, defines "value-added genes" as having properties or values rated and levels assigned and creating added value to the gene. Dollinger discloses tracking animals and plants (gene bearing organisms) (col. 1, lines 17-19) which is reasonably interpreted to be determining product identity for cultivation or breeding purposes including value-added genes, as stated in instant claim 17. Dollinger discloses amplifying the sequence prior to detection via polymerase chain technology (col. 2, lines 3-5) which is reasonably interpreted to mean being copy tolerant, as stated in claim 21. Dollinger discloses the nucleic acids may be bound to solid support (devoid of genetic information and predetermined location) that is then mixed with the material being tagged (col. 2, lines 23-26), as stated in instant claims 15 and 26. Dollinger discloses that the nucleic acid may be covalently bound to any one or all of Application/Control Number: 09/870,009

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the components of a material comprised of different components (col. 2, lines 19-22) which represents embedding at random locations, as stated in instant claim 22. Dollinger discloses tagging methods involve detection and PCR technology where the nucleic acid must form duplexes with primers (complementary sequence) (col. 3, lines 41-47) and using hybridization techniques (col. 6, lines 3-20), as stated in claim 25. As it is unclear if instant claim 24 requires either a restriction enzyme identification or a promoter or both, Dollinger discloses promoters can be incorporated in the primers (col. 5, lines 47-51), as stated in claim 24. Dollinger discloses use of a taggant of a sequence complementary to the DQα allele (gene) (col. 6, lines 55-56).

Thus, Dollinger anticipates the instant invention.

Applicants state the Dollinger reference does not teach or suggest instant claims 5, 8, 11, 12, and 15. This is found unpersuasive as these claims are broadly written such that a broad and reasonable interpretation of them includes the Dollinger reference, as described above.

Applicants state their claimed DNA may be used to identify the source of genetic information when DNA is copied by a third party. This statement is acknowledged, but this concept of third party copying is not included in the instant claims so that it is not imperative that the Dollinger reference mention these characteristics. Applicants state the Dollinger reference has nothing to do with DNA. This statement is found unpersuasive as Dollinger's recitation of nucleic acids is clearly a representation of DNA. The online Merriam-Webster dictionary defines DNA as "any of various nucleic acids...". Applicants state Dollinger discloses taggants is applied to the barrel of radioactive waste with a spray bottle. This is found unpersuasive as Dollinger discloses a plethora of ways to use the taggants. Dollinger discloses amplification of a nucleic acid

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sequence of a taggant, if present, to determine if the specific nucleic acid sequence is present

(col. 1, lines 60-65) which represents a nucleic acid sequence including a taggant. Applicants

arguments are found unpersuasive.

Conclusion

No claim is allowed.

Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile

transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located

in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform to the notices published in the

Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 1993), and

1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (See 37 CFR §1.6(d)). The CM1 Fax Center number is (703)

872-9306.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Carolyn Smith, whose telephone number is (571) 272-0721. The

examiner can normally be reached Monday through Thursday from 8 A.M. to 6:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Michael Woodward, can be reached on (571) 272-0722.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to Legal Instruments Examiner Tina Plunkett whose telephone number is (571) 272-

0549.

November 29, 2004

1. Marschel 1/30/04